

Moon-Gazers-Trail!



1.) Go to the Sculpture Gallery.

This room is full of copies of sculptures made 3,000 years ago by the ancient Greeks and Romans!!!

Can you find the sculpture *Head of Horse from Selene's Chariot*?

Moon Fact: The Ancient Greeks believed a goddess called Selene lit up the moon with her glowing crown, and that Selene carried the moon across the sky each night in her horse-drawn chariot!

2.) Take the stairs to the first floor of the gallery, (on the landing).

Can you find some fishermen on a moon-lit evening?

Moon Fact: People say that the moon shines! However the moon does not actually have any light of its own. What we see is really the sun's light reflecting off the moon!

3.) Go to the long room on the first floor.

This room shows both paintings from the 17th century and modern art! Can you find some moon-like shapes called *SonicSpheres*? How many can you count?

Moon Fact: Around 1610, Galileo adapted a new battle invention, a telescope, into a tool for sky gazing. Galileo saw that the spots on the surface of the moon were valleys and the paler areas were mountains. He also discovered that even though the moon orbits the Earth, the same side always faces us!



4.) Go to the second floor and find the Harry Clarke room.

Can you find a magical girl fast asleep in a blue room? This picture is inspired by a line of poetry....*'Full on this Casement Shone the Wintry Moon.'*

Moon Fact: Early astronomers used latin names to describe the landscape of the moon, they called the dark areas 'maria' meaning seas, and mountains were called 'terrae' meaning lands.

Get Creative and fill your own moon landscape with patterns and shapes. Take inspiration from the examples of art from Cuig artists and use the circles below to create your own fantastic designs!

